



Emerald Goddess Gardens emeraldgoddessgardens.com

- Botanical Name: Jasminum mesnyi
- Common Name: Primrose Jasmine
- Plant Family: Oleaceae
- Mature Size: 8 – 10 ft.
- Growth Habit: Sprawling Shrub
- Bloom Color: Yellow
- Bloom Form: Single, Multipetalled
- Bloom Time: Early Spring
- Water Needs: Moderate / Light
- Light Needs: Full Sun to Filtered Shade
- Recommended Zones: 8a, 9, 10
- Key Features: Fragrant Blooms, Drought Tolerant
- Suggested Uses: Landscape specimen, Hedge, Erosion Control
- Growers Notes : Primrose Jasmine can spread very quickly, take care to trim regularly or plant with plenty of room to grow.



Jasminum mesnyi or Primrose Jasmine is an easy-to-grow, sprawling shrub. This plant can tolerate some serious drought once established, which makes it ideal for areas with limited rain or access to irrigation. In early Spring, Primrose Jasmine becomes laden with classically fragrant jasmine blooms, it is, however, an exception to the general trend toward white blooms in this family, Primrose Jasmine's flowers are vibrant yellow.

Also known as Mesnyi Jasmine, these plants often grow wider than they do tall. Allowed to expand freely this jasmine may grow up to ten feet tall, but can reach double that figure in width. Its sprawling growth habit lends itself to massive growth as new limbs reaching from the center of the plant will continually root.

Primrose Jasmine should be pruned annually to contain its growth in smaller landscapes. Ideally, limbs should be trimmed during Winter, once the shrub has ceased blooming. Trimming the limbs frequently will also encourage prolific blooming in this species as blooms typically only appear on new growth.

Direct planting of 4 inch starter plants is not recommended. We highly recommend potting your Primrose Jasmine into a larger container and allowing the new pot to fill with roots before placing this plant directly in the landscape. Follow these helpful tips for the most success with your new Jasmine plant:

- Plant in well draining soil.
- Locate in full sun
- Provide supplemental irrigation until well established.
- Prune lightly after flowering to encourage branching and shape.
- Feed a good quality bloom boosting fertilizer with the initial planting and yearly thereafter.
- Protect from frost and freeze until very well established.

For quick answers to your growing or planting questions, just email us at service@emeraldgoddessgardens.com

If you don't know your USDA Planting Zone, you can check the map on our website site at emeraldgoddessgardens.com

Care of Your New Plant

Here are a few basic guidelines for handling and caring for your new plant:

Direct planting of 4 inch starter size plants or plugs directly into the landscape is not recommended, with a few exceptions. So, for the best results with your new plant we suggest that it be repotted into a larger pot and allowed to grow larger until the new pot is filled with roots before setting out.

Check the recommended USDA Zone Range for the plant. Many gardeners are able to successfully grow plants outside their recommended Zones, but this is dependent upon providing the type of environment and care the plant needs.

- Immediately repot the new plant into a 6 inch to 10 inch diameter pot (a 6 inch pot is the recommended size for starter plugs) that can drain easily and thoroughly.
- Use a good quality commercial potting media.
- Apply a high quality, slow release plant food according to the label directions. Do not use hot, all chemical fertilizers like 6-6-6 or 10-10-10.
- Locate so that the plant can receive direct, full spectrum light for several hours daily, but is protected from hot, direct afternoon sun.
- Maintain consistent and uniform moisture in the soil. Take care not to over water.
- Packing crystals may be reused to conserve water, but do so with caution as they hold 6000 times their weight in water.
- If reusing the crystals, mix and incorporate them thoroughly throughout the potting media.
- Be sure the pot can drain and that the bottom of the pot does not sit submerged in water for more than a few hours.
- Supplement feed with a water soluble plant food every 2-3 weeks according to the label directions.
- Prune or pinch lightly and often when the plant is young and actively growing to strengthen the central stalk and encourage branching and build uniform shape.
- Monitor for signs of disease or insects and treat accordingly.
- Protect from frost and freeze, as even cold tolerant plants can be damaged by cold, and tropicals will perform better, flower earlier, and live longer within their Zone Range when protected from cold temperatures.

Many tropical and subtropical plants can be grown as potted plants indefinitely, and can be successfully wintered over indoors in colder climates, so long as they are moved indoors well ahead of temps into the 30°F's, are maintained in warm environment (minimum 40°F) with adequate, full spectrum light, consistent soil moisture is maintained, and any pest or disease issue are promptly and properly addressed.

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