



Botanical Name	Tabornaemontana divaricata
Common Name	Pinwheel Jasmine
Mature Size	6'x6'
Bloom Color	White
Bloom Period	Summer
Boom Form	5 Petaled Pinwheel Single
Water	Moderate
Light	Best in very light shade
USDA Zone	10, 11
Fragrance	Very light
Uses	Specimen, Hedge, Accent
Special Features	Elegant, Showy, Fragrant
Grower Notes	Prolific long lasting repeat bloom



***Tabornaemontana divaricata* or Pinwheel Jasmine** is a fragrant evergreen shrub that is native to tropical Asia. It is known by several other common names, including *Crepe Jessamine*, and *Butterfly Gardenia*. However, **this plant is not a true jasmine**, but is commonly called a jasmine because the flowers are jasmine like and have a similar, but lighter fragrance.

It matures at 6 feet tall and has a horizontal, open growth habit. The leaves are elongated and deep glossy green. For the deepest green color and gloss, locate pinwheel jasmine in a location that is lightly shaded in the afternoon.

Pinwheel Jasmine is a tropical plant and is sensitive to cold temperatures. It must be protected from temps below 32°F, even in tropical climates.

The flowers are five petaled pinwheels that are an elegant pure white with a yellow eye. They appear in cycles year round, but the most profuse bloom is in mid summer to early fall in the tropics and subtropics.

Direct planting of 4 inch starter size plants is not recommended, so for the best results with your new Pinwheel Jasmine, it should be repotted into a larger pot and allowed to grow before setting it out.

When your new plant has filled the new pot with roots, then:

- Plant in fertile, slightly acidic, well draining soil with a high organic composition. (Amend with high quality compost as needed)
- Locate in cool morning sun, with light afternoon shade.
- Provide supplemental irrigation.
- Prune for shape after flowering.
- Feed a high quality, slow release plant food 2x yearly.
- Protect from frost and freeze.

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This plant is intended for use as an ornamental, decorative item only. Emerald Goddess Gardens does not recommend, endorse nor offer the product for any other use.

Care of Your New Plant

Here are a few basic guidelines for handling and caring for your new plant:

Direct planting of 4 inch starter size plants or plugs directly into the landscape is not recommended, with a few exceptions. So, for the best results with your new plant we suggest that it be repotted into a larger pot and allowed to grow larger until the new pot is filled with roots before setting out.

Check the recommended USDA Zone Range for the plant. Many gardeners are able to successfully grow plants outside their recommended Zones, but this is dependent upon providing the type of environment and care the plant needs.

- Immediately repot the new plant into a 6 inch to 10 inch diameter pot (a 6 inch pot is the recommended size for starter plugs) that can drain easily and thoroughly.
- Use a good quality commercial potting media.
- Apply a high quality, slow release plant food according to the label directions. Do not use hot, all chemical fertilizers like 6-6-6 or 10-10-10.
- Locate so that the plant can receive direct, full spectrum light for several hours daily, but is protected from hot, direct afternoon sun.
- Maintain consistent and uniform moisture in the soil. Take care not to over water.
- Packing crystals may be reused to conserve water, but do so with caution as they hold 6000 times their weight in water.
- If reusing the crystals, mix and incorporate them thoroughly throughout the potting media.
- Be sure the pot can drain and that the bottom of the pot does not sit submerged in water for more than a few hours.
- Supplement feed with a water soluble plant food every 2-3 weeks according to the label directions.
- Prune or pinch lightly and often when the plant is young and actively growing to strengthen the central stalk and encourage branching and build uniform shape.
- Monitor for signs of disease or insects and treat accordingly.
- Protect from frost and freeze, as even cold tolerant plants can be damaged by cold, and tropicals will perform better, flower earlier, and live longer within their Zone Range when protected from cold temperatures.

Many tropical and subtropical plants can be grown as potted plants indefinitely, and can be successfully wintered over indoors in colder climates, so long as they are moved indoors well ahead of temps into the 30°F's, are maintained in warm environment (minimum 40°F) with adequate, full spectrum light, consistent soil moisture is maintained, and any pest or disease issue are promptly and properly addressed.

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